

*New reach*

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:ssspta1626gms

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

\* \* \* \* \* Welcome to STN International \* \* \* \* \*

NEWS 1 Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America  
NEWS 2 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock  
NEWS 3 Feb 24 PCTGEN now available on STN  
NEWS 4 Feb 24 TEMA now available on STN  
NEWS 5 Feb 26 NTIS now allows simultaneous left and right truncation  
NEWS 6 Feb 26 PCTFULL now contains images  
NEWS 7 Mar 04 SDI PACKAGE for monthly delivery of multifile SDI results  
NEWS 8 Mar 24 PATDPAFULL now available on STN  
NEWS 9 Mar 24 Additional information for trade-named substances without  
structures available in REGISTRY  
NEWS 10 Apr 11 Display formats in DGENE enhanced  
NEWS 11 Apr 14 MEDLINE Reload  
NEWS 12 Apr 17 Polymer searching in REGISTRY enhanced  
NEWS 13 Jun 13 Indexing from 1947 to 1956 added to records in CA/CAPLUS  
NEWS 14 Apr 21 New current-awareness alert (SDI) frequency in  
WPIDS/WPINDEX/WPIX  
NEWS 15 Apr 28 RDISCLOSURE now available on STN  
NEWS 16 May 05 Pharmacokinetic information and systematic chemical names  
added to PHAR  
NEWS 17 May 15 MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER reloaded  
NEWS 18 May 15 Supporter information for ENCOMPPAT and ENCOMPLIT updated  
NEWS 19 May 19 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to WSCA  
NEWS 20 May 19 RAPRA enhanced with new search field, simultaneous left and  
right truncation  
NEWS 21 Jun 06 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to CBNE  
NEWS 22 Jun 06 PASCAL enhanced with additional data  
NEWS 23 Jun 20 2003 edition of the FSTA Thesaurus is now available  
NEWS 24 Jun 25 HSDB has been reloaded  
NEWS 25 Jul 16 Data from 1960-1976 added to RDISCLOSURE  
NEWS 26 Jul 21 Identification of STN records implemented  
NEWS 27 Jul 21 Polymer class term count added to REGISTRY  
NEWS 28 Jul 22 INPADOC: Basic index (/BI) enhanced; Simultaneous Left and  
Right Truncation available  
  
NEWS EXPRESS April 4 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.01a, CURRENT  
MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0b(ENG) AND V6.0Jb(JP),  
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 01 APRIL 2003  
NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability  
NEWS INTER General Internet Information  
NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items  
NEWS PHONE Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN  
NEWS WWW CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that  
specific topic.

All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN Customer agreement. Please note that this agreement limits use to scientific research. Use for software development or design or implementation of commercial gateways or other similar uses is prohibited and may result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

\* \* \* \* \* STN Columbus \* \* \* \* \*

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:15:12 ON 23 JUL 2003

=> FIL CAPLUS

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

0.21

0.21

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:15:16 ON 23 JUL 2003

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 23 Jul 2003 VOL 139 ISS 4

FILE LAST UPDATED: 22 Jul 2003 (20030722/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s displacement(w)chromatography?

89208 DISPLACEMENT

16977 DISPLACEMENTS

101646 DISPLACEMENT

(DISPLACEMENT OR DISPLACEMENTS)

285871 CHROMATOGRAPHY?

549282 CHROMATOG

3045 CHROMATOGS

551491 CHROMATOG

(CHROMATOG OR CHROMATOGS)

643047 CHROMATOGRAPHY?

(CHROMATOGRAPHY? OR CHROMATOG)

L1 618 DISPLACEMENT (W) CHROMATOGRAPHY?

=> s l1 and reductase

72580 REDUCTASE

5846 REDUCTASES

73531 REDUCTASE

(REDUCTASE OR REDUCTASES)

L2 2 L1 AND REDUCTASE

=> s l1 and HMG?

9072 HMG?

L3 2 L1 AND HMG?

=> S L1 and COA(W) reductase

35852 COA

827 COAS

36018 COA

(COA OR COAS)

72580 REDUCTASE

5846 REDUCTASES

73531 REDUCTASE

(REDUCTASE OR REDUCTASES)

7819 COA(W) REDUCTASE

L4

2 L1 AND COA(W) REDUCTASE

=> d 12 ibib abs hitstr tot

L2 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:334067 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:225890

TITLE: Chromatographic purification of some  
3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl coenzyme A  
**reductase** inhibitors

AUTHOR(S): Grahek, R.; Milivojevic, D.; Bastarda, A.; Kracun, M.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Lek. d.d., Research and Development, Ljubljana, 1526,  
Slovenia

SOURCE: Journal of Chromatography, A (2001), 918(2), 319-324  
CODEN: JCRAEY; ISSN: 0021-9673

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The purifn. of pravastatin, simvastatin and lovastatin in the sodium salt  
or lactone form and of mevastatin in the lactone form by reversed-phase  
**displacement chromatog.** is presented. The mobile phases  
consisted of water or mixts. of water-methanol and water-acetonitrile.  
Six different displacers were successfully used. Up to 0.14 g of raw  
sample per g of stationary phase was loaded on a column packed with  
silica-based octadecyl phase. Crude substances from 85 to 88% chromatog.  
purity were purified and at least 99.5% purity was achieved.

REFERENCE COUNT: 28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L2 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:210141 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:241979

TITLE: Process for obtaining HMG-CoA **reductase**  
inhibitors of high purity

INVENTOR(S): Grahek, Rok; Milivojevic, Dusan; Bastarda, Andrej

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lek Pharmaceutical and Chemical Company D.D., Slovenia

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000017182	A1	20000330	WO 1999-IB1553	19990917
W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,			

MD, RU, TJ, TM  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE,  
 DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF,  
 CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 SI 20072 C 20000430 SI 1998-241 19980918  
 CA 2343645 AA 20000330 CA 1999-2343645 19990917  
 AU 9955284 A1 20000410 AU 1999-55284 19990917  
 EP 1114040 A1 20010711 EP 1999-941797 19990917  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO  
 JP 2002526486 T2 20020820 JP 2000-574092 19990917  
 HR 2001000045 A1 20011231 HR 2001-45 20010116  
 BG 105348 A 20011130 BG 2001-105348 20010316  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: SI 1998-241 A 19980918  
 WO 1999-IB1553 W 19990917

AB Lovastatin, pravastatin, simvastatin, mevastatin, atorvastatin, and  
 derivs. and analogs are known as HMG-CoA **reductase** inhibitors  
 and are used as antihypercholesterolemic agents. The majority of them are  
 produced by fermn. using microorganisms of different species identified as  
 species belonging to Aspergillus, Monascus, Nocardia, Amycolatopsis, Mucor  
 or Penicillium genus, some are obtained by treating the fermn. products  
 using the method of chem. synthesis or they are the products of total  
 chem. synthesis. The purity of the active ingredient is an important  
 factor for manufg. the safe and effective pharmaceutical, esp. if the  
 pharmaceutical product must be taken on a longer term basis in the  
 treatment or prevention of high plasma cholesterol. The accumulation of  
 the impurities from the pharmaceuticals of lower purity may cause many  
 side effects during the medical treatment. The present invention relates  
 to a new industrial process for the isolation of HMG-CoA **reductase**  
 inhibitors using so-called **displacement chromatog.**  
 Use of the invention enables to obtain HMG-CoA **reductase**  
 inhibitors of high purity, with high yields, lower prodn. costs and  
 suitable ecol. balance. Crude sodium salt of pravastatin (HPLC purity  
 88%) was dissolved in the mobile phase A (distd. water), pH was adjusted  
 to 7 with 0.2M aq. NaOH soln. and filtered. The column was equilibrated  
 with mobile phase A. The sample obtained in the above manner was fed onto  
 the Grom-Sil 120-ODS HE column (particle size 30 11 .mu.m, column size 250  
 x 10 mm). The column was washed with the mobile phase B contg. 7% of  
 diethylene glycol monobutyl ether in mobile phase A at the flow rate of  
 4.5 mL/min. Absorbance was measured at 260 nm, and the 0.5 mL fractions  
 were collected with an initial increase in the absorbance. When the  
 signal decreased the column was washed with 25 mL of 70% MeOH. The  
 fractions obtained were analyzed by the HPLC method. The fractions with a  
 purity 99.5% were pooled. In the pooled fractions (7 mL), the HPLC purity  
 was 99.8%.

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d 13 ibib abs hitstr tot

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:210141 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:241979  
 TITLE: Process for obtaining HMG-CoA reductase  
 inhibitors of high purity  
 INVENTOR(S): Grahek, Rok; Milivojevic, Dusan; Bastarda, Andrej  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lek Pharmaceutical and Chemical Company D.D., Slovenia  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

## PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000017182	A1	20000330	WO 1999-IB1553	19990917
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
SI 20072	C	20000430	SI 1998-241	19980918
CA 2343645	AA	20000330	CA 1999-2343645	19990917
AU 9955284	A1	20000410	AU 1999-55284	19990917
EP 1114040	A1	20010711	EP 1999-941797	19990917
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 2002526486	T2	20020820	JP 2000-574092	19990917
HR 2001000045	A1	20011231	HR 2001-45	20010116
BG 105348	A	20011130	BG 2001-105348	20010316
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			SI 1998-241	A 19980918
			WO 1999-IB1553	W 19990917

AB Lovastatin, pravastatin, simvastatin, mevastatin, atorvastatin, and derivs. and analogs are known as **HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors** and are used as antihypercholesterolemic agents. The majority of them are produced by fermn. using microorganisms of different species identified as species belonging to *Aspergillus*, *Monascus*, *Nocardia*, *Amycolatopsis*, *Mucor* or *Penicillium* genus, some are obtained by treating the fermn. products using the method of chem. synthesis or they are the products of total chem. synthesis. The purity of the active ingredient is an important factor for manufg. the safe and effective pharmaceutical, esp. if the pharmaceutical product must be taken on a longer term basis in the treatment or prevention of high plasma cholesterol. The accumulation of the impurities from the pharmaceuticals of lower purity may cause many side effects during the medical treatment. The present invention relates to a new industrial process for the isolation of **HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors** using so-called **displacement chromatog.** Use of the invention enables to obtain **HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors** of high purity, with high yields, lower prodn. costs and suitable ecol. balance. Crude sodium salt of pravastatin (HPLC purity 88%) was dissolved in the mobile phase A (distd. water), pH was adjusted to 7 with 0.2M aq. NaOH soln. and filtered. The column was equilibrated with mobile phase A. The sample obtained in the above manner was fed onto the Grom-Sil 120-ODS HE column (particle size 30 11 .mu.m, column size 250 x 10 mm). The column was washed with the mobile phase B contg. 7% of diethylene glycol monobutyl ether in mobile phase A at the flow rate of 4.5 mL/min. Absorbance was measured at 260 nm, and the 0.5 mL fractions were collected with an initial increase in the absorbance. When the signal decreased the column was washed with 25 mL of 70% MeOH. The fractions obtained were analyzed by the HPLC method. The fractions with a purity 99.5% were pooled. In the pooled fractions (7 mL), the HPLC purity was 99.8%.

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:449945 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 97:49945

TITLE: Identification of protein(s) secreted by the  
preovulatory ovary which suppresses the follicle  
response to gonadotropins  
AUTHOR(S): DiZerega, Gere S.; Goebelsmann, Uwe; Nakamura, Robert  
M.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Med., Univ. Southern California, Los Angeles, CA,  
90033, USA  
SOURCE: Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism  
(1982), 54(6), 1091-6  
CODEN: JCEMAZ; ISSN: 0021-972X  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

AB Ovarian venous blood (5 mL) was collected from women undergoing laparotomy for indications not related to ovarian dysfunction on days 12-14 after the onset of their last menstrual period. Serum was fractionated by (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> pptn., dialyzed against buffer with 10,000 mol. wt. exclusion membranes, and thereafter sequentially eluted through concanavalin A and Sephadex G-50 columns. The activity of the eluent was assessed as inhibition of ovarian wt. increase and serum 17.β-estradiol [50-28-2] levels in 23-day-old, hypophysectomized, diethylstilbestrol-treated rats (HIFR) challenged with human menopausal gonadotropin (hMG) [61489-71-2]. Sephadex G-50 fractions (elution vol./void vol. 1.42-1.55) from patient 1 produced a decrease in ovarian wt. (59 vs. 89.1 g) and a decrease in serum 17.β-estradiol levels (<25 vs. 215.5 pg/mL). Although peripheral and ovarian venous blood collected from the ovary contralateral to the site of ovulation demonstrated similar Sephadex G-50 elution profiles, when representative fractions were tested by bioassay, no redn. in ovarian wt. or serum 17.β-estradiol levels was found. In addn., ovarian venous serum from the ovulatory ovary of patients 2 and 3 had a similar Sephadex G-50 elution profile with fractions (elution vol./void vol. = 1.48-1.60) which suppressed rat ovarian wt. and serum 17.β-estradiol concns. in the hMG-HIFR assay. When active fractions from the G-50 eluents were heated to 56.degree. or trypsin digested, they lost their ability to suppress ovarian wt. and 17.β-estradiol secretion in response to hMG stimulation. Estns. of mol. wt. by gel permeation ranged 14,000-18,000 for patients 1-3. Bioassay results from representative fractions obtained by ampholyte displacement chromatog. suggested that the isoelec. point of active material was pH, 5.8-6.5 for patients 1-3. Similarly processed samples from 3 anovulatory patients contained no inhibitory activity in the bioassay. Thus, the identification of a heat- and trypsin-labile substance secreted directly into the venous drainage from the ovary contg. the dominant follicle which suppresses the follicular response to gonadotropins is reported. That this protein is not secreted in large amts. by anovulatory ovaries was evidenced by the failure of the bioassay to detect inhibitory activity in the venous drainage of the contralateral ovary of patients 1-3 as well as the ovarian venous effluents from 3 anovulatory women.

=> d 14 ibib abs hitstr tot

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:334067 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:225890  
TITLE: Chromatographic purification of some  
3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl coenzyme A reductase  
inhibitors  
AUTHOR(S): Grahek, R.; Milivojevic, D.; Bastarda, A.; Kracun, M.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Lek d.d., Research and Development, Ljubljana, 1526,  
Slovenia  
SOURCE: Journal of Chromatography, A (2001), 918(2), 319-324

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

AB The purifn. of pravastatin, simvastatin and lovastatin in the sodium salt or lactone form and of mevastatin in the lactone form by reversed-phase **displacement chromatog.** is presented. The mobile phases consisted of water or mixts. of water-methanol and water-acetonitrile. Six different displacers were successfully used. Up to 0.14 g of raw sample per g of stationary phase was loaded on a column packed with silica-based octadecyl phase. Crude substances from 85 to 88% chromatog. purity were purified and at least 99.5% purity was achieved.

REFERENCE COUNT: 28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:210141 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:241979

TITLE: Process for obtaining HMG-CoA

**reductase** inhibitors of high purity

INVENTOR(S): Grahek, Rok; Milivojevic, Dusan; Bastarda, Andrej

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lek Pharmaceutical and Chemical Company D.D., Slovenia

SOURCE: PCT-Int. Appl., 25 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000017182	A1	20000330	WO 1999-IB1553	19990917
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
SI 20072	C	20000430	SI 1998-241	19980918
CA 2343645	AA	20000330	CA 1999-2343645	19990917
AU 9955284	A1	20000410	AU 1999-55284	19990917
EP 1114040	A1	20010711	EP 1999-941797	19990917
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 2002526486	T2	20020820	JP 2000-574092	19990917
HR 2001000045	A1	20011231	HR 2001-45	20010116
BG 105348	A	20011130	BG 2001-105348	20010316

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

SI 1998-241 A 19980918

WO 1999-IB1553 W 19990917

AB Lovastatin, pravastatin, simvastatin, mevastatin, atorvastatin, and derivs. and analogs are known as HMG-CoA **reductase** inhibitors and are used as antihypercholesterolemic agents. The majority of them are produced by fermn. using microorganisms of different species identified as species belonging to Aspergillus, Monascus, Nocardia, Amycolatopsis, Mucor or Penicillium genus, some are obtained by treating the fermn. products using the method of chem. synthesis or they are the products of total chem. synthesis. The purity of the active ingredient is an important factor for manufg. the safe and effective pharmaceutical, esp. if the pharmaceutical product must be taken on a longer term basis in

the treatment or prevention of high plasma cholesterol. The accumulation of the impurities from the pharmaceuticals of lower purity may cause many side effects during the medical treatment. The present invention relates to a new industrial process for the isolation of HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors using so-called displacement chromatog. Use of the invention enables to obtain HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors of high purity, with high yields, lower prodn. costs and suitable ecol. balance. Crude sodium salt of pravastatin (HPLC purity 88%) was dissolved in the mobile phase A (dists. water), pH was adjusted to 7 with 0.2M aq. NaOH soln. and filtered. The column was equilibrated with mobile phase A. The sample obtained in the above manner was fed onto the Grom-Sil 120-ODS HE column (particle size 30 11 .mu.m, column size 250 x 10 mm). The column was washed with the mobile phase B contg. 7% of diethylene glycol monobutyl ether in mobile phase A at the flow rate of 4.5 mL/min. Absorbance was measured at 260 nm, and the 0.5 mL fractions were collected with an initial increase in the absorbance. When the signal decreased the column was washed with 25 mL of 70% MeOH. The fractions obtained were analyzed by the HPLC method. The fractions with a purity 99.5% were pooled. In the pooled fractions (7 mL), the HPLC purity was 99.8%.

REFERENCE COUNT:

6

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT